

The Newport Mercury.

VOL. LXXXVI.

NEWPORT, R. I., SATURDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 13, 1847.

{ NO. 4,164.

THE NEWPORT MERCURY
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING BY
J. H. BARBER & SON.
No. 133 Thames Street.

TERMS—Two Dollars per annum.

ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding a square inserted three weeks for \$1, and 17 cents will be charged for each subsequent insertion. Yearly Advertisements can make contracts on liberal terms. All Advertisements will be continued until withdrawn when no particular time is specified, and will be charged for accordingly. The circulation which the Mercury enjoys, renders it a valuable medium for Advertising.

No Paper discontinued (unless at the discretion of the Publishers) until arrears are paid.

CHEAP JOB PRINTING.

Handbills, Show Bills, Steamboat Bills, Circulars, Tax Bills, Blankets of all kinds, Engine Notices, &c.

LARGE SHOW BILLS, for Concerts, Lectures, Public Meetings, Exhibitions, &c. &c.

—EXECUTED AT THE—
MERCURY OFFICE,
No. 133 Thames St.

With new and fashionable type, and at Prices which cannot fail of meriting a share of Public patronage. The favors of the old Patrons are respectfully solicited.

J. H. BARBER.
WM. LEE BARBER.

Weekly Almanac.

NOVEMBER, 1847.

	SUN	SUN	MOON	HIGH
	RISES.	SETS.	SETS.	WATER.
13 SATURDAY,	7 84	529	26	even.
14 SUNDAY,	7 104	5010	30	37
15 MONDAY,	7 114	4911	34	28
16 TUESDAY,	7 124	48	morn.	2 20
17 WEDNESDAY,	7 134	47	43	12
18 THURSDAY,	7 144	46	52	4
19 FRIDAY,	7 154	45	3	0

Moon's 1st qr., 15th day, 0 hour, 45m. evening.

POST OFFICE Arrangement

MAILS CLOSE.

PROVIDENCE,	Daily,	8 A. M.
BOSTON,	do	8 A. M.
NEW YORK,	do	7 P. M.
FALL RIVER,	do	8 A. M.
WATERBURY,	Tuesdays and Fridays,	6 A. M.
NEW BRUNSWICK,	Fridays,	8 A. M.

Office open till 7 P. M.
JOSEPH JOSLEN, Post Master.

DISCOUNT DAYS.

At the several Banks in this Town.

MERCHANTS BANK, on Monday afternoon.
NEWPORT EXCHANGE BANK, on Monday evening.
NEWPORT BANK, on Tuesday afternoon.
NEW ENGLAND COMMERCIAL BANK, on Tuesday afternoon.
RHODE ISLAND UNION BANK, on Wednesday morning.
BANK OF RHODE ISLAND, on Thursday afternoon.
TRADERS BANK, on Thursday evening.

CUSTOM HOUSE.

Office Hours.

From 9 A. M. to 1 P. M. and 3 P. M. to 5 P. M.
EDWIN WILBUR, Collector.

Fine Soaps for the Toilet.

—SUCH AS—

- Roussel's Rose Soap.
- Genuine Almond Soap.
- Palm Soap.
- Unrivalled Shaving Cream.
- Henry's Shaving Cream.
- Cary's Ambrosine do.
- Lawre's Honey Soap, sweet scented.
- Brown Windsor Soap.
- White Windsor do.
- Radway's Chinese Medicated Soap.
- Douglas's Chinese Toilet Soap.
- Also—Roussel's Eau Lustral.
- Camille's Cosmétique Cream.
- Cann's Spanish Lustral.
- Chibouh's Tricopherous.
- Eau de Bandoline.
- Alexander's Tricopherous Hair Dye, a variety of Hair Oils and other preparations for the hair.
- R. R. HAZARD'S.
- sign of the Mortar near the Court House.

GROCERY & TEA STORE.

William Newton.

At the old stand, No. 150 Thames-St.

Has constantly on hand an Extensive stock

—OF—

Choice Family Groceries,

FOREIGN FRUIT, WINES, AND

TEAS,

Which will be sold in quantities to suit buyers

at the LOWEST Market prices.

SHAWLS.

DRESS Goods, Merinos, Ribbands, Fringes

and trimmings, for sale by

WM. COZZENS & CO.

Oct. 9.]

DRUSS SILKS.

RICH and elegant Silks, of the newest styles,

have been added to our stock, and are offered

at much lower prices than heretofore.

Oct. 2.]

E. W. LAWTON & SON

POET'S CORNER.

THE WORM'S DEATH SONG.

By RON. FRANCIS L. KEY.

Oh, let me alone—I've a work to be done
That can brook not a moment's delay;
While yet I breathe, I must spin and weave,
And may rest not, night or day.

Food and sleep I will never know
Till my blessed work be done;
Then my rest shall be sweet in the winding-sheet
That around me I have spun.

I have been a base and a grovelling thing,
And the dust of the earth my home;
But now I know that the end of my woe
And the day of my bliss has come.

In the shroud I make, this creeping frame
Shall peacefully die away;
But its death shall be new life to me,
In the midst of its perished clay.

I shall wake! I shall wake! a glorious form
Of brightness and beauty to wear;
I shall burst from the gloom of my opening tomb,
And breathe in the balmy air!

I shall spread my new wings to the fanning air;
On the summer's breath I'll live;
I'll bathe me where, in the dewy air,
The flowers their sweetness give.

I will not touch the dusty earth—
I'll spring to the brightening sky;
And, free as the breeze wherever I please
On joyous wing I'll fly.

And, wherever I go, timid mortals may know,
That they from the tomb shall arise;
To the dead shall be given, by signal from Heaven,
A new life and new home from the skies.

Then let them, like me, make ready their shrouds,
Nor shrink from the mortal strife;
And like me, they shall sing, as to Heaven they
spring,
"Death is not the end of life!"

THE FARMER.

"Agriculture is the Art of Arts, the Mother of

Commerce, the means by which communities are held

together, and the Stability of Nations."

Pumpkins.—Large quantities of this

vegetable are annually produced on most

farms, and while sound and good, are re-

lished by most kinds of domestic stock,

especially by cows and swine. They last

however but a short time, and when desired

for culinary purposes, are generally dried

in the same manner as apples. This is

unnecessary, as by adopting the following

very simple method, pumpkins may be pre-

served during winter and even late into the

following spring perfectly sweet and sound.

Deposit, in some convenient place, from a

foot to eighteen inches of clean, well dried

wheat, oat, or rye straw, and place thereon

a layer of pumpkins—the best and fairest

of the crop—then another stratum of straw,

and so on till you have "stowed," your

entire crop, or so large a portion of it as

you may consider necessary for winter use.

A gentleman in one of the midland counties

of Massachusetts, writing to us under date

of March 16, 1845, says—

"I am now feeding my milch cows and

other stock on pumpkins of last year's

growth. They were carefully packed in

straw as soon as harvested, and are in a

state of fine preservation. The butter pro-

duced from the milk is of the finest quality

and richest color, and the animals them-

selves are in much better condition—more

active and healthy than I have ever known

them when restricted to dry and unseasonable

food."

As the pumpkin crop, this year, promises

in most sections to be an abundant one,

those of our agricultural friends who have

not already adopted the above plan, and

who may feel desirous of securing their

vegetables for winter feeding, will do well

to give it a trial.—Maine Cultivator.

BRASS FOUNDER,

PLUMBER

and COPPER SMITH.

THE subscriber respectfully

informs his friends and the public

that he is prepared to execute

orders in the line of his

business, at the shortest notice,

and on the most reasonable

terms. All articles usually kept

in the Foundry, Plumbing and Copper Smith

line constantly on hand, or manufactured and

LAWS OF R. ISLAND.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

In General Assembly, October Session, 1847.

AN ACT in amendment of an act, entitled "An act prescribing the forms of writs and the manner of serving them."

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

Section 1.—Whenever any witness duly summoned to appear before the grand jury or on any indictment at any term of the supreme court or court of common pleas, shall neglect to appear according to the tenor of such summons, such court may order a writ of attachment to issue against him, returnable either at said term or the next term of the same court; and may direct the same to each and all sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, town sergeants or constables within this State.

Sec. 2. If the court from which said writ may issue shall not be in session at the time of the service of such writ, the officer charged with the service of the same, shall commit such witness to jail, either in the county from which the writ may issue or in which such witness may be, there to be kept until he shall give recognizance before some magistrate of the same county, with sufficient surety, in the sum of one hundred dollars, to appear before said court on the second day of the next term thereof, which recognizance shall be returned by said magistrate unto the clerk of said court; or such witness may give such recognizance while in the custody of the officer, before he is committed to jail, and thereupon the officer shall discharge him from his custody.

True copy—witness:

HENRY BOWEN, Sec'y.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A LEECH BURROWING IN THE HUMAN THIGH.

Dr. Roe, of Cavan, mentioned a curious case of this nature at the Dublin meeting. He said that he was called some time back to visit a daughter of a farmer residing at Drum, in the county of Cavan; the girl had been attacked several days previously with inflammation of the thigh, and at the time of his arrival was laboring under severe symptomatic fever, with delirium. The thigh was tense, red and shining, enlarged to nearly twice its natural size, and extremely painful. No cause could be assigned for the disease, and he was informed that, until the occurrence of the present attack, she had always enjoyed excellent health. Having ascertained the existence of a collection of matter under the fascie, he made an incision, and evacuated a howful of pus, mixed with what he considered to be clots of blood. His attention was not directed to the contents of the abscess at that time; besides the room was dark, and he was anxious to give vent to the pus as quickly as possible, as the patient was extremely restless. On emptying the matter from the abscess on a clean rag outside the door, the girl's mother was surprised to find among it a leech, coiled up, quite alive, and moving actively. She immediately brought the leech to him, and it continued to live for several days afterwards.

On enquiring minutely into the history of the case, he found that some days before she first complained of the limb, she had been gathering water cresses in a ditch, and had felt hurt in or about the ankle of the inflamed limb, but did not pay much attention to it at the time. On examining the ankle he found a triangular cicatrix, such as that which might be produced by a leech bite. This fact would seem to prove that such animals can enter, burrow in, and preserve their vitality in the soft parts of the human body. A member asked whether Dr. Roe meant to state that the leech had entered in the manner supposed? Dr. Roe stated that he did not know any other way in which it could enter. The animal in question is what is called a horse leech, and which is generally found in ditches and standing pools.—Medical Gazette.

True copy—witness:

HENRY BOWEN, Sec'y.

AN ACT in relation to the support of poor and the custody of dangerous Insane Persons.

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

Section 1.—The several towns in this State may vote and raise money in the same way that monies for other town charges are raised, for the relief of insane persons, who by reason of poverty and indigence are chargeable to, or may be temporarily relieved by such towns, in the Butler Hospital for the Insane; and the commissioners of the Newport Asylum, in the town of Newport, the commissioners of the Bristol Asylum in the town of Bristol and the several town councils of all other towns in this State, are hereby authorized to remove to and place in said Hospital any or all such insane persons chargeable to, or who may be temporarily relieved by their respective towns, and them to keep in said Hospital at the proper charge and cost of said towns, so long as said town councils may deem necessary or proper.

Sec. 2.—The sixth section of the act in relation to justices of the peace is so far amended, that whenever a lunatic or person furiously and dangerously mad shall under the provisions of said section be apprehended, examined and adjudged for want of recognizance to be detained, such lunatic or insane person shall be committed to the Butler Hospital for the Insane, instead of the county jail; to be there detained; and the costs and expenses of his apprehension, commitment and detention, to be paid under and according to the provisions of said section. The officer charged with the warrant of commitment, shall have the same power to commit such lunatic or mad person to said Hospital as though said Hospital was situated within the precinct of such officer.

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True copy—witness:

HENRY BOWEN, Sec'y.

AN ACT in amendment of an act entitled "An act in relation to the Supreme Court."

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

Section 1.—The Supreme Court shall have the same jurisdiction in Equity over Receivers of Banks, and other corporate bodies, appointed by the General Assembly, that it has over receivers and trustees appointed by said court.

True copy—witness:

HENRY BOWEN, Sec'y.

FOREIGN NEWS.

The American steamship *WASHINGTON*, Capt. F. Hewitt, from Bremen, via Southampton, arrived at New York on Tuesday afternoon last, bringing news five days later. The *Carrier & Enquirer* of Wednesday says:—She left Southampton on the 24th ult., and has thus made a shorter trip than the British steamer *Caledonia*, which reached Boston on Friday, four days ago, whereas the *Washington* was not to leave Southampton till five days after the *Caledonia* left Liverpool. The *Washington*, therefore, has come to New York, which is a longer route by some three hundred miles, in one day less than the *Caledonia* occupied in reaching Boston via Halifax: thus in fact beating the British steamer 2 1/2 days.

We are sorry to be obliged to state, that the intelligence by the *Washington* is not encouraging.

More failures have occurred—cotton had further declined, and the market for breadstuffs was at a stand.

We were advised by the *Caledonia* that a deputation from the bankers, merchants and others interested in the trade of Liverpool was about to wait upon the Prime Minister for the purpose of presenting a memorial for relief. The deputation consisted of ten gentlemen, who were introduced to Lord John Russell on Tuesday, the 19th, by Mr. Wm. Brown, M. P., and Mr. Cardwell, M. P.

Lord John Russell, in company with Sir C. Wood, Chancellor of the Exchequer, and Mr. Labouchere, President of the Board of Trade, received the Liverpool deputation with great courtesy, and discussed at great length with them the suggestions they urged for the interposition of the Government to relieve the money pressure—but concluded by stating and emphatically repeating, that although he and his colleagues would consider with the greatest attention the memorial from Liverpool and the arguments it had here enforced, "he could not then hold out any hope."

The interview lasted upwards of an hour and a quarter.

The Morning Post and the Morning Herald bitterly assailed Lord John Russell's decision, which however seems to us likely to stand, as much from fear of the new Parliament, as from any conviction of the possible evil of interfering. If the Ministry should, by an order in Council, authorize any departure by the Bank from the stringent provisions of the Peel act, they must, as the first step in the new Parliament, ask for an "Act of Indemnity," which, constituted as that Parliament is, they might not obtain; and their character, station, and fortune would all be forfeited. A more probable alternative, if the pressure is to continue, seems to be the immediate summoning of Parliament, thus leaving it the responsibility of the measures to be pursued.

Among the failures are two more banks, one at Liverpool, the other at Newcastle; neither of them, however, of large capitals or liabilities. The following list of failures that have occurred since Oct. 19, is from *Wittmer & Smith's European Times*:—
Barton, John & Co., cotton brokers, Liverpool.
Beece, Young & Co., cotton brokers, do.
Wardlaw & Co., merchants, do.
Brooke & Wilson, shipowners, do.
Graham & Son, iron merchants, do.
Jones, W. & Co., wholesale tea dealers, do.
Liverpool Banking Company, do.
Livingston & Co., East India merchants, do.
Logan, James, Canadian trade, do.
McIntyre & Hurlbert, tea brokers, Newcastle.
Newcastle Union Joint Stock Bank, Newcastle.
Schubert, Redwood & Co., bankers, Manchester.
Vergesen & A., textile manufacturers, Country.
Bretzlow, Napoleon, do.

The large Liverpool house of Little & Co. had been seized by the Bank of England. The Bank of England had compromised with the Royal Bank of Liverpool; and these two occurrences had caused much satisfaction in Liverpool. Here, as is the great evil in all such times, rumors of failures apprehended or predicted were circulated, but frequently without foundation. Among such unfounded rumors was one that the North and South Wales bank (another of the Liverpool joint stock banks) had failed. It was peremptorily contradicted.

From India and China later intelligence was received on the 21st. The dates were from Bombay to the 11th of September. Suspecting a conspiracy at Lahore, the British authorities in the night of August 24th, had seized the queen mother of the Maharajah and conveyed her to a Fort 20 miles distant, where she was put in confinement. It was charged that she had insulted the Prime Minister who was a friend of the British. Tranquility prevailed on the banks of the Indus. The king of Oude, it was said, had evinced a willingness to cede his sovereignty to the E. I. Company.

From Hong Kong the intelligence is given to Aug. 25th. All was quiet at Canton but an uneasy feeling still existed. The export of tea from the 1st of July amounted to 7,871,000 lbs., being 4,000,000 lbs. in excess compared with the same period last year. Some of the new silk had arrived at Canton, and as high as \$445 had been paid for Taitale. From Shanghai dates are to the 10th of August. Teas were slow in arriving from the interior. In silk there had been considerable business during a good demand for long cloths continued.

Affairs in Switzerland were a very threatening aspect. It is announced by a correspondent of the *Alpen Echo*, that in consequence of the menacing symptoms of a civil war in Switzerland, the Cabinet of Vienna has determined on drawing a military cordon along the whole length of the Swiss frontier, from the Lake of Constance to the Lake Maggiore.

ALGERIA, October 15.—The *Monitor Algerien* of this date announces, that the *Kabiles* of the vicinity of Gueligly, advanced to the number of 2,000 or 2,200 men, against that place on the morning of the 3d, and attacked the French advanced posts. Colonel Faure was prepared to receive them, and they fled in every direction, leaving several dead on the field, and carrying off a number of wounded. The garrison had only six wounded.

ARMY & NAVY NEWS.

From the N. O. Picayune, Oct. 20.

The steamship *Alabama*, Capt. Windle, arrived at an early hour yesterday, having left Vera Cruz on the 20th inst., Tampico on the 22d, and Brazos Santiago on the 24th. Maj. Gen. Patterson expected to commence his march for the interior about the 24th inst.

The *Genius of Liberty* has files of papers from the city of Mexico to the 7th inst., but had only time to say that the most profound tranquility reigned in the capital.

The *Genius of the 19th*, publishes several general orders of Gen. Scott.

It will be remembered that at our last accounts some apprehensions were felt for a small party of Texan Rangers. How these Rangers acquitted themselves, the following letter from our correspondent tells.

VERA CRUZ, Oct. 20th.—Day before yesterday about a dozen of Hays's Rangers encountered some two hundred guerrillas out towards Santa Fe. The Mexicans charged on them, but the Texans very coolly dismounted, waited till they came within about thirty yards, and poured a volley of rifles into them, unsundering a number. The rascals being reinforced, attempted another charge, but were this time met with Colt's revolvers, the Texans never budging an inch! The "boys" all came in safe.

The Rangers are the very men for these guerrillas, and are worth four times their number of any other mounted men I have seen here. Col. Hays looks quite well, except that the end of his nose is shedding its skin, and his face is pretty essentially sunburnt all over. Jack Hays is a remarkable man, as useful to his country as he is modest and independent.

The yellow fever is still taking off its victims here. Lieut. Jenkins, of the 1st Dragoons, who had lately arrived with recruits, died day before yesterday, and was buried last evening with the usual honors.

The *Genius of the 19th*, says: Dr. G. L. Ven, a native of Havana, put us in receipt of very important intelligence from the city of Mexico.

He left the city of Mexico on the 7th of the month, and on the 11th, at 5 o'clock, P. M., he entered Huamantla [a town a little east of the Perote road, and about half way between Perote and Puebla]. There he learned that the force of Gen. Lane had entered shortly before, and so sudden and unexpected was his arrival that Santa Anna had barely time to get away by another quarter of the town. The Americans captured two pieces of artillery belonging to the force of Gen. Santa Anna, which the latter in his hurry had not time to remove, and also took two prisoners, Colonel Vega and Turbide.

Santa Anna, after leaving Huamantla, which he did at the head of 1000 horse, was reinforced by 1500 men of the command of Gen. Pineda, and both advanced in the neighborhood of Huamantla till Gen. Lane's departure, after which this town was again taken possession of by Gen. Santa Anna and Reyes, who, following up the rear guard of the Americans, killed seventy men, principally inebriated stragglers, and took twenty prisoners. The Mexicans had two pieces of artillery with them, one a brass 13 pounder and the other a 16 pounder, of the same metal.

Gen. Rea sallied out of Puebla at the head of a pretty considerable force, and was awaiting at El Pinal [a town a few miles south of Huamantla, on the same road to Puebla] the approach of Gen. Lane, whose flanks and rear the Mexicans are reported to have been incessantly harassing. But we know and we are confident that though the Mexicans should muster a force four fold the amount of that which it is reported that they have, yet Gen. Lane, the Buena Vista Hero, will extricate himself with honor and with glory from their midst, and will form a junction with his general, unscathed by the ordeal of passing through the soldiers of Santa Anna and Reyes.

Gen. Paredes is in Tulancingo, endeavoring, and with some success, it appears to establish his monarchical system.

Gen. Valencia is at his hacienda, passing away his time as agreeably as he can, taking no part in the national affairs.

Gen. Bravo is in Mexico, quiet and on parole.

By the *Alabama* we have papers from Matamoros to the 16th. Col. Randall arrived in that city the day before, having safely deposited in Monterey the Government funds of which he had charge.

Our letters from Gen. Wood's headquarters at Buena Vista are to the 4th inst.—They contain little news.

The propeller *Secretary Walker*, arrived last night from the Brazos having sailed thence the 22d inst. She brought Lieut. Col. Randall and forty-two sick and discharged soldiers.

The correspondent of the N. O. Delta, in his description of the taking of the city of Mexico, says:—

"An incident occurred in taking the breastworks on the road, which is worthy of recording. Lieut. Morris, of the rifles, was ordered with his company to assault the point before which Major Twigg had been killed; but not believing his force sufficient, he ordered some sailors to join him; but they refused because he was not their commander. Morris said that he was an officer, but the sailors replied that he did not belong to their branch of the service. 'Well, then,' said the lieutenant, 'I am the son of Commodore Morris, of the navy, and if you venerate his name, advance with me.' A shout was the answer of the sailors, and they captured the place at the point of the bayonet, and routed the Mexicans from it."

Capt. William H. Churchill, of the 3d artillery, assistant quartermaster, died at Point Isabel on the 16th ult., of yellow fever. Capt. Churchill graduated at West Point in 1840. He was breveted captain for his brilliant conduct at Resaca de la Palma.

GENERAL TAYLOR.—It is understood that Gen. Taylor—who has been absent from his family and private business for more than two years and a half, and during the whole of that time has been engaged in the most important and arduous duties—has asked for leave of absence to return to the United States for six months.

His letter to that effect was received by the Adjutant General yesterday evening in the course of which Gen. Taylor states that he thinks, in consequence of the present character of the war, his services may not be wanted at this time. He proposes to remove to Matamoros early this month, where he awaits the answer of the government, and expresses a desire to be in New Orleans by the 1st of December.

We understand that leave of absence has been granted to him; and we have no doubt that, if events should arise to call for his services on that frontier, he will fly to place himself at the head of his gallant army.

Washington Union.

CERRILLO, October 14, 1847.—The mail escort from Monterey has just arrived without the mail, they were attacked by a large force under Col. Travena, about one and a half miles this side of Ramona, Sergeant Wm. Scott of the Mississippi Regiment, on furlough; private W. R. Parks, of the Ohio Mounted Volunteers, and the Mexican leading the pack mule on which was the mail for the States, are all missing, and are supposed to be killed. The attack was made last night about eight o'clock, the night was dark—the chaparral thick, and the road narrow, the Mexicans had placed themselves in ambush on each side of the road for from two to three hundred yards. Col. Hindman, of Mississippi, Lieut. Falkner, of the Mississippi Regiment, and Lieut. Young, of the Virginia Regiment, were in company with the escort coming down. The Mexicans are assembling in pretty large parties, all along the line, they are getting very bold and contemplate attacking some of the weakest posts on the line, and they are sure to attack any train that is passing, unless protected by a very large force.—N. O. Bulletin.

NAVAL.—The U. S. frigate *Cumberland*, Capt. Wm. Jameson, sailed from Hampton Roads on the 5th inst., bound to Chagres. Commodore Geisinger and Commander Glynn took passage in her, the former en route for the East India station, where he will hoist his broad pendant on board the Congress frigate.

U. S. schooner *Taney*, Commander Hunter, from New York, was at Gibraltar 14th ult. U. S. sloop of war *Marion*, Capt. Simonds, from Malaga, also arrived at Gibraltar on the 5th.

U. S. brig *Dolphin*, Commander John Pope, from Port Praya, Cape Verde Islands, Oct. 12, arrived at New York on Friday.—The *D.* left at Port Praya, U. S. frigate *United States*, Capt. J. Smoot, bearing the United States flag, and *Com. Geo. C. Read*, and *brig Boxer*, commander Henry H. Bell, officers and crew all well.

VERA CRUZ, Oct. 13.—The German town, is under the Castle, the John Adams is Anton Lizardo; the *Saratoga* is off Turpan.

FROM CALIFORNIA.—Commodore Stockton, late commander of the United States squadron in the Pacific, arrived at St. Louis on the 5th inst., and started immediately for Washington. Forty-six individuals accompanied him in his overland journey, among whom were Lieuts. Thompson and Gillespie.

The party of Commodore Stockton was attacked at night near Turkey river, by the Watchee Indians, who were, however, repulsed; Stockton was hit by an arrow in the course of the conflict.

The emigrants to California have not been molested. Gov. Mason, the chief magistrate of California, anticipates no disturbance.

LOSS OF THE U. S. TRANSPORT SHIP *EMPIRE*.—The sch'r E. A. Thompson, Capt. Keene, arrived here yesterday from Nassau, N. P. via Fowl Key, furnishes intelligence of the loss near Abaco, of the ship *Empire*, Capt. Russell, which sailed from New York with 15 officers and 372 U. S. soldiers, bound to Vera Cruz. The *Emp.* ran on a coral reef during the night of the 17th ult. The only life lost was that of the helmsman who being severely wounded at the wheel, died, and was buried on shore. The officers and soldiers were on the reef ten days. The E. A. Thompson has on board 7 officers and 129 soldiers. Another portion of the troops left in the *Zuluza*, 27th ult. and the brig *Adelaide*, both for this port would leave with the remainder on the 2d inst.

Charleston News, 6th.

MILITARY MOVEMENTS.—The New Orleans papers of the 27th ult., have the following announcements:—

The bark *Parthian*, Willott, with 200 men for the 7th infantry, under Lieut. S. F. Mumford, and 125 men of the 13th infantry, under Capt. Fulton, left for Vera Cruz last evening. Steamship *Fanny* was under orders to sail last evening for the Brazos, with 150 teamsters, and a large quantity of Quartermaster's stores.

Steamship *James L. Day* will leave this evening for Mobile, to transport to Vera Cruz the remainder of the Georgia battalion. The steamer *Chalmette*, from Cincinnati brought down Lieut. Tammill, with 155 recruits for the 15th regiment of infantry, on their way to the seat of war.

Fifteen hundred troops belonging to the two Tennessee regiments last raised, are at Memphis, awaiting transportation to this port, and thence to the seat of war.

CAVALRY FOR MEXICO.—The Louisville Courier says that Col. G. W. Barbour, of Princeton, Ky., has, in a remarkably short time, raised a splendid body of cavalry, now 300 strong, and others are enrolling their names rapidly. The men are principally from Caldwell, Livingston, Crittenden and Twigg counties, and Col. Barbour is making strenuous exertions to have them received by the war department.

BY THE MAIL.

From the Washington Union of the 6th inst.

We have already stated that no despatches have been received by the steamer *Alabama*, from Gen. Scott's army. The only letters which we have seen, addressed to Washington, are from Vera Cruz of the 18th and 20th October. The following extracts contain everything which can be gleaned from their meagre contents:

VERA CRUZ, Oct. 18, 1847.—Everything was quiet at Mexico. At Queretaro, the Government, such as it is, was getting more pacific. Senor Pena y Pena had ordered Gen. Santa Anna back for trial; but whether he would go is very uncertain. His troops which he brought to Puebla, and those under Alvarez and Rea, who joined him as soon as they heard that Gen. Lane was marching on, deserted him by companies. He was, at our last dates, at San Andres. Other important information has reached us that Senor Cuevas, former minister, had been called into the cabinet.—His reply was, "If the negotiations are opened, I will join you; otherwise, I cannot," and so he has accepted. This is the last information we have. If, as we are assured, they are more inclined for peace, the reinforcements now going up, which will amount to as many troops as Gen. Scott has in the city of Mexico, will hurry on the desire to negotiate, before it is too late, or, in fact, before their nationality is lost altogether.

VERA CRUZ, Oct. 20, 1847.

I had the honor to address you on the 18th, and although the extra of today's *Genius of Liberty* gives intelligence from above, which does not look so pacific, I nevertheless believe, Pena y Pena, and others of his stamp, will induce the Congress to make peace; and as regards Paredes, the more he works for his party, the nearer are we to negotiation.

All around the City of Mexico there is a large peace party; and I have reason to believe there are many of the most respectable citizens in Vera Cruz, Jalapa, and Puebla, who are ardently wishing for peace, or, rather, that they could be assured that the stars and stripes would float over their and their children's heads.

THREADED BANK NOTES.—Messrs. CERRILLO & Co., of Dalton, Mass., manufacturers of bank note paper, have invented a very simple and efficient method of preserving the denomination of a bill from alteration.—Threads of silk or cotton are arranged in parallel lines, lengthwise with the note, and embodied in the substances of the paper during its manufacture. A one dollar bill has one thread, and one is added for each denomination up to five dollars, then a ten dollar bill has six threads, another is added for twenty, fifty, one hundred, five hundred and one thousand; the last having eleven threads. It must be very difficult, if not impossible, to insert another thread after the note is issued, and as the threads mark its value as distinctly as the figures, the chances of a successful alteration are at least very greatly diminished. The Mechanics Banking association of this city, and several of the banks in this State and at the East, have ordered the threaded paper, and it will probably come into general use.—N. Y. Jour. of Com.

GENIUS REWARDED.—We have never known a more striking example of genius rewarded, than has occurred in the case of Dr. B. F. Palmer, of this village. When about eleven years old he had the misfortune to have his leg caught in a bark mill, and so horribly crushed that amputation became immediately necessary. From that time he toiled on, struggling with all the hardships that would naturally attend a poor boy who had been deprived by Providence of the ability to engage in any active labor. His own wants naturally turned his thoughts upon the invention of an artificial leg.

For years, in connection with his other duties, he has been engaged in the desired discovery. Many a weary hour, both by night and by day, had he expended, when the happy thought flashed across his mind, and the joyful discovery started out before his imagination like a beautiful picture.—The reward of his toil came home to his heart at once, and the reward was the sweeter by reason of the toil he had expended. He set himself to work to realize the idea which he had conceived, and produced a leg that almost rivals in perfection the natural limb. But unlike most inventors, his reward is not wholly intellectual. He has been offered \$75,000 for the patent right for the U. S. but does not choose to part with it for that price. He is at this time taking out letters patent in the Canada, in England, and some other foreign countries. The business of manufacturing these limbs promises to become immense. The application, which are nearly all confined to the New England States, now average about one per day.

Recently, however, he has supplied a few limbs for officers of the army. Capt. Allen, of Tennessee, has just left with a leg which gives him such perfect satisfaction that he has ordered another. Allen had the misfortune to lose his leg during the horrors of that stern and bloody fight at Monterey. Four hundred dead and dying lay around him, among them seven of his most intimate friends, and although his own leg had been entirely shattered by a grape shot, yet he lay during nearly all the day without the consciousness of any pain, so intent was his mind upon the agony of the wretched sufferers around him.—Bilknop Gazette.

ATTEMPTED ROBBERY OF THE BRIGHTON BANK.—An unsuccessful attempt was made to break open the vault of the Bank of Brighton, sometime between Saturday night and Monday morning. The robbers succeeded in taking to pieces one of Day, Newell & Day's padlocks, which secured a plate of iron covering the key-hole to the first iron door of the vault, after which they blew to pieces with powder the lock on the door, and opened it, but went no further.—Boston Journal.

HORRIBLE REVENGE.—The Boston Bee has been informed that the recent catastrophe, on the Vermont and Massachusetts Railroad, was less the result of accident than design. It is said that the nuts on two bolts, essential to the stability of the bridge, were removed—and to this circumstance alone the destruction of the bridge is traced. There had been some trouble among the laborers on the road, and a portion of them had "struck," a day or two preceding, and some were heard to utter threats of such a calamity as that of Athol. Two persons have been arrested.

ACQUITTED.—Sarah Morrison was arraigned in our criminal court, last Monday, charged with the murder of her step-mother. Our readers will remember the horrid affair—the girl having burned her mother to death, after having first disabled her by a blow on the head with a fire shovel. The girl gave the following account of the transaction: "You know, father, you was tired of her and I was tired of her, and I thought I'd put her out of the way. Polly was reading her bible, and I hit her a flick with the shovel, she fell down with a fit, and I hit her again and put her into the fire—and we were short of wood and I put old clothes on—and we'll never see old Polly again." She was of course acquitted on the ground of insanity—the proof on that subject being conclusive. During her imprisonment she was visited by a colored woman, whom she persisted in calling her mother, whom she supposed to have been burned black by the process. The girl was remanded for future disposal of the court.—Pittsburgh Journal.

ASSAULT ON SENATOR HANNEGAN.—We find, in the Cincinnati Gazette, a statement of a quarrel which took place at Crawfordsville, Ia., between Senator Hannegan and a Mr. E. McDonald, which had its origin a year past in what is said to have been a mob, in which Mr. Hannegan was a party, and when McDonald says he got knocked into the canal, through the Senator's instrumentality. McD. has ever since threatened vengeance, whenever he should meet the Senator, and this was the first time the parties met. The Senator was attacked by McDonald—knocked down and trampled under foot, and his face horribly lacerated. After the Senator was released, he returned with a gun, for vengeance on McDonald, but he had escaped.

MRS. RYKLE.—An application was made to Gov. Young for the pardon of this woman, who is now in the Whitesboro jail, under sentence of death for the murder of her husband. The Governor refused the application on the ground of the clearness of the evidence against her on the trial, and aggravated character of the murder. She was executed on Tuesday, the 9th inst.

Utica Gazette.

A case of considerable interest was tried last week in the Osage Circuit Court. It was an indictment against JESSE P. LOLLER, one of the most respectable men in that county, for the murder of his wife. LOLLER was walking with his wife along a narrow bridge path near his house. He had a gun on his shoulder and his wife was walking directly behind him at the distance of about ten feet. She several times requested him to hold up his gun, as the muzzle was pointing directly toward her. He did so, but soon afterward the gun went off and shot her in the side. She lived but a few days. LOLLER was charged with shooting her intentionally, and was indicted for murder in the first degree. The trial lasted three days, when he was acquitted. Mrs. Loller, before her death, repeatedly declared that she believed her husband was innocent of any intention to injure her, and that it was a mere accident. The prosecutors were the father and mother of Mrs. Loller. The evidence went to prove that the discharge of the gun was accidental.

St. Louis Republican.

LOSS OF A NOSE.—The *Inverness Courier* says that a few days since, while a carpenter was at work in his shop, a cat chased a rat amongst some planks placed on the rafters over his head, and the rat threw down an adze which was lying on the planks. The noise caused the unlucky carpenter to look up, and the edge of the falling adze severed his nose from his face.

A son of Mr. Westell Russell, Hartford, while playing with a straw cutter machine, near one of the stores, had all the fingers of his right hand severed above the first joint.

TAX BOSTON. The extra of Saturday gives the following account of the late railway accident:—It becomes our painful duty to record a most dreadful accident which occurred on the Worcester Railroad, this afternoon, about 2 o'clock.

The brake on the forward Second Class passenger car broke, and when the train approached the bridge the wheels fell through, and the car striking the abutment was instantly smashed to pieces and thrown off the track.

Seven of the passengers in this car were instantly killed and their bodies mangled in the most horrible manner, leaving scarcely a limb unbroken. Others escaped with slight injury by clinging to the fragments of the car. The car belonged to the Western Railroad, and was not provided, like the Western cars, with safety chains.

Of those killed we are enabled to learn the names of but two.—Mr. Richard Warren, of Jefferson, Me., and Mr. George Frye, of Portsmouth, N. H. From their dress we should judge they were all laboring men.

The bodies of those killed presented a truly shocking and heart-sickening spectacle. For some distance the road is strewn with the mutilated remains of the unfortunate men.

A GRAND WORK.—His recently been consummated at Weilburg, Duchy of Nassau. After five years constant labor a tunnel has been cut through the mountain on which the city of Weilburg stands, to straighten the bed of the river Lahn. The inauguration of this gigantic work was to take place on the 15th of the present month. On that day, precisely at noon, the waters of the Lahn were to be let into the tunnel, and at the same time the two thousand barrels of gun, which are to illuminate this vast subterranean passage, were to be lighted.

Augusta Chronicle.

GREAT CURIOSITY.—The Boston Post states that a Bosjeman, or Bushman, from South Africa, the first specimen of the race ever brought to this country, is now in that city, and will shortly be exhibited to the public. This race of men, certainly one of the most curious, in their physical organization and habits, on the face of the globe, inhabit a district of country lying some fifteen hundred miles North-east of Cape Town. The region of country which they inhabit is mountainous and difficult to approach. The Bushmen have manifested the strongest dislike to an intercourse with other people. They are exceedingly shy, and always fly at the approach of the white man. They have no laws, no chiefs, no language, except a kind of guttural utterance, very disagreeable to the ear. Their food consists of reptiles, as lizards, ants &c. In stature they seldom exceed four feet four inches in height. They live in the bush, having no shelter of any kind, and dress in skins of the rudest description.

HONEST SIMPLICITY.—One day last week, an elderly lady, with two huge bundles in her hands came into the depot at Springfield, and planted herself in a chair, directly before the delivery box of the ticket office of the Conn. River Railroad. After sitting composedly a short time, she accosted a gentleman standing by, and inquired with evident concern—"Can you tell me, if I'm near the engine where I shall get blown up?" "Oh no, madam," replied the latter, "you are safe there."—"Well, then," rejoined she, after a short pause,—"when shall we get to Northampton?" On being informed that she must get into the cars to go to Northampton, she exclaimed, with astonishment—"Du tell if this 'ere thing (meaning the depot) don't all go."—Northampton Gazette.

HOW TO FRY FISH.—A writer says, fish should be cooked in this manner:—"Put the fish into the fat while the fat is boiling hot; and there should always be fat enough for the fish to float. If the fish is put into cool fat, or what is not boiling hot, it absorbs all the fat, and is not fit to eat. If the fish is put into shallow fat, it falls to the bottom of the pan and burns, adhering so close that it cannot be taken out without breaking in pieces. Fried fish should be cooked quick, and trout or smelts cooked well will have no bones to trouble them."

PUT ON YOUR WINTER CLOTHING.—Many people have an idea that they harden themselves by not putting on their winter apparel till late in the fall. This is a great mistake. It is the first cold weather that is most trying to the constitution, particularly when it suddenly follows a mild temperature. At such times we should keep up the usual warmth of the body by additional clothing. A neglect to do this, often results in a severe cold which lays the foundation for some obstinate and incurable malady.

A gentleman from the vicinity of Boston went on an excursion of pleasure, a few weeks ago, through a part of New Hampshire, in his own chaise, with his trunk slung from the axle-tree. As he was driving along the road of a country town, he heard a voice shouting after him, and looking back, saw a small boy running at the top of his speed, with the perspiration pouring from his flushed face, and shouting, "Stop, sir! stop, sir! you are losing your trunk!"

The gentleman stopped his horse, and on alighting found that one of the straps which had fastened his trunk to the axle-tree, had broken, and the trunk was on the point of falling to the ground. After some trouble with the help of the boy, the trunk was again secured, when the gentleman took out a 25 cent piece and offered it to his small assistant, with his thanks. The young son of the Granite State straightened himself up, with a look of surprise, and in a voice of offended dignity exclaimed, "Did you think I would be mean enough to take that?"—Boston Traveller.

THE BREACH OF PROMISE CASE.—There was an action for breach of promise of marriage tried at the last Assizes here, in which the jury gave a verdict of £500 to heal the feelings of the injured fair one. This case is the second one of the kind, we believe, that has come before a jury of this district; and if we may judge by the amount of damages awarded in both, they will not be of very frequent occurrence hereafter.

The defendant against whom the heavy verdict was given is a young man possessing very little property, real or personal. This fact would seem to argue that our honest countrymen imposed the large amount alluded to on the defendant, not on account of his ability to pay it, but to mark their reprobation of the injury inflicted and to serve as a warning to all others to adopt a different course of conduct. The lesson will produce a good effect in this part of the country, and be attended with highly beneficial results. There has been too much license allowed people hitherto in such matters, and the verdict just given will operate most effectually as a check on the heedless and the vicious; self-interest goes farther to deter people from the commission of improper acts than thousands of sermons and lectures, no matter how much eloquence characterizes their delivery; and young men will now see that they cannot engage the affections of those young girls who are in the habit of associating with them on terms of intimacy and equality, and then trifle with or betray them just as it suits their convenience, after having perhaps seduced them from the path of virtue.

Cases of this nature we trust will be of rare occurrence hereafter.—Canada Chronicle.

VINCENT H. GUNN, who killed Avis in New Haven, has been convicted of manslaughter, and sentenced to the state prison for ten years. When killed, Avis was drunk in bed with prisoner's wife.

The steamer *Sultan* was sunk on the 24th ult. at Ouachita. The passengers, crew and 200 bales of cotton were saved, but the boat is a total loss.

NEWPORT MERCURY.

NEWPORT.

SATURDAY MORNING, NOV. 13, 1847.

PERSONS who have changed their residence and who are subscribers to the Mercury, are requested to leave word at the office, in order that they may be punctually served with the paper; and those who may be accidentally neglected are also requested to give us notice for the same purpose.

MASSACHUSETTS ELECTION.—The election for Governor, &c. was held in Massachusetts on Monday last. The Boston Atlas of yesterday furnishes returns of votes from all the towns in the State, but 5, from which it appears that Gov. Briggs will be re-elected by over 2,000 majority.

The vote stands as follows:—compared with the vote of last year:

1847.	1846.
Briggs (W.) 65,518	Briggs (W.) 64,815
Smith (D.) 13,397	Smith (D.) 13,109
Others, 12,058-60,618	Others, 13,903-47,102
2,203	7,711

The few towns to be heard from, it is said will not diminish the majority. The Whigs have elected eighteen Senators—the whole number elected out of 40 of which the Senate consists. In the House of Representatives they will have a majority of about one hundred.

LAUREL COL. FREMONT.—This distinguished officer is now undergoing a trial at Washington, on charges preferred by Gen. Kearney, for mutiny and disobedience of the orders of his superior officer. The difficulty between them seems to be that Col. Fremont being in California, was appointed by Com. Stockton, as civil and military Governor of California. Afterwards Gen. Kearney arrived and assumed the office, but Col. Fremont refused to recognize his authority and continued to act as Governor, assigning as a reason that he was acting under the order of Com. Stockton.

The general impression seems to be that Col. Fremont will be found guilty of acts which in a military sense are insubordinate, but as he will be able to show plausible reasons for his course, the President will probably remit the penalty.

THE BRISTOL PHOENIX of Saturday last says:

"We are happy to learn that the death of Mr. Benjamin Coit, of the American Army, as reported in the *Newport Herald*, is without foundation. It was inserted from a mere flying rumor, being found in no published list of deaths from Mexico, or in any other paper whatever. We would wish that Editors would exercise all due caution in giving publicity to such reports, so agonizing to the feelings of family friends, even if it be true for a season, since there is so much that is due, coming upon almost every southern breeze that is harrowing to parental sympathies, and that wrings with anguish the hearts of widows and orphans."

RESULT OF THE RISTELL TRIAL.—The notorious Madame Ristell, who has been on trial for several days past in New York, has been convicted of MISDEMEANOR—not MANSLAUGHTER, as charged in the indictment. A motion was made for arrest of judgment, but the Court has as yet made no decision upon it. Her punishment can only be, at the extent, one year's imprisonment in the State Prison.

POTATO ROT.—Mr. J. Pinnock, of Hanover, N. H., writes to the editor of the Boston Cultivator that it had been remarked in that vicinity that the potato rot did not affect the hills which were planted in the immediate neighborhood of shade trees, though all other parts of the same field were seriously affected with the rot.—The inquiry is, how this can be explained.

The editor of the Cultivator seems to think that there is no doubt that shade trees protect potatoes from the rot. He says:—"They save the potatoes from the extreme heat of the sun, and they prevent dews from falling on them, thus avoiding the extremes of heat and cold, which are doubtless a principal cause of this malady, especially when the changes are sudden, and the plants are very tender from a luxuriant growth."

DWELLERS ON THE SEA.—The Sailor's Magazine estimates the number of men "whose home is on the deep," at between two and three millions. In the vessels of the United States there are supposed to be about 275,000 sailors. In consequence of the peculiar exposure to which this class of men are subjected, it is found that the length of a generation is but about fifteen years, and that some six thousand, on the average, every year perish by shipwreck.

ALLEGED CURE OF HYDROPHOBIA.—At Andover, in Frio, a poor man, suffering under the agonizing tortures of Hydrophobia, was cured by draughts of vinegar given him by mistake, instead of another portion. Another physician at Paducah, of intelligence of this event, and tried the same remedy upon a patient at the hospital, administering a pound of vinegar in the morning another at noon, and a third at sunset, and the man was speedily and perfectly cured.

HON. J. Q. ADAMS entered the Park Theatre on Wednesday night, during the performance of the second act of *La Sonnambula*. He was recognized by some gentlemen in the pit, and the fact was soon spread through the house, when a universal and hearty "three cheers" testified their respect for the old man eloquent. The venerable gentleman was very attentive to the opera, and appeared highly delighted with Madame Bishop's singing.

NEW YORK TRIBUNE.—A NEW GAME.—We have lately been told of an attempt to rob in the night time, which though unsuccessful, was so bold and ingenious that we think it worth relating. As a gentleman who lives in the country, but does business in the city, was proceeding home just after dark, a few evenings since, on the turnpike road in Roxbury, he was accosted near the Railroad crossing, by a woman seemingly in great distress and in tears, who begged hard for money enough to pay for a night's lodging. Not liking the appearance of her ladyship, and particularly disliking the running order of her breath, the gentleman declined rendering any assistance. Suddenly the woman stepped off side, and the gentleman heard at the same time a gingham noise at his feet. On looking down he discovered a chain, loose on the ground around his feet, and quick as thought springing out of it and ran, hearing at the same moment the chain hit against the fence by the side of the road as though violently pulled by some one behind it. When the woman first accosted him she came from the fence, and he noticed that a couple of boards were off. He presumed he was decoyed by the woman into the noise, and that after stepping back was a signal to her accomplices behind the fence, who were to pull him through and then gag and rob him. —*Boston Journal.*

A DEAR RIDE.—Three boys, named John Dolan, and John and William Ryan, applied at the Watch House on Saturday night for lodgings. They stated that they belonged in Lowell, and that they pumped upon a freight train, there, bound to this city, with the idea that it would stop at some place just outside of Lowell. Unfortunately, their calculations were incorrect, and they were unable to get off until they reached this city, where they were landed penniless, and were obliged to take refuge in the Watch House, as above stated. Yesterday morning, they started to foot it home, a weary journey of twenty miles.

Boston Traveler.

COLD WATER FOR THE EYES.—It is an almost universal opinion that cold water is excellent for the eyes. Many persons are in the habit of opening and shutting their eyes in the wash basin every morning, thus exposing the balls freely to the water. But this common opinion must be very erroneous and injurious. One of the most sagacious physicians (Dr. Batchelder) says that in almost all the cases of diseased eyes which have come to him for relief, the difficulty has been aggravated by this popular error, and that in very many cases the disease of cold water has been sufficient to restore the eyes to health.

Journal of Commerce.

HEALTH OF THE CITY.—It is with the utmost satisfaction that we are enabled to announce, on the authority of several of our physicians in extensive practice, that the sickness under which we have been suffering for a number of weeks has entirely disappeared.

No new cases have occurred for several days. We have a cold bracing atmosphere and though we are not aware that frost has been noticed, the physicians authorize us to say that the city is restored to its usual health. —*Mobile Register Oct. 30.*

THE MORMONS have located their grand gathering place about half way between the Utah and Salt Lake, in California, on a stream which connects the two waters.—The distance between the two lakes is about sixty miles—a fertile valley extending the whole distance of several miles in breadth. They have laid out a city, and commenced making improvements. They are in the midst of the Blackfoot, Utah and Crow tribes of Indians, who are said to be peaceable, and favor this settlement.

LAND SLIDE IN CLEVELAND.—Monday night, about 11 o'clock, some half acre or more of land on the lake shore, at the foot of Erie street, in this city, broke off and slid towards the lake, moving from its position and carrying onward toward the water four or five acres of the surface, as it has stood for many years. The breakage was evidently caused by the outwashing or loosening of the quicksands by the living springs along the shore.

The dwelling house of Mr. A. Colman stood on the portion of land which slid, and was carried down—with all his goods and furniture, and entirely destroyed. Fortunately, the family had become alarmed by the discovery of a slight break in the bank, and had left the house but the day before. —*Cleveland Herald.*

BRIGHTON MARKET, Monday, Nov. 8, 1847.
(Reported for the Boston Daily Advertiser.)

At market 2100 Beef Cattle, 1600 Stores, 5400 Sheep, and 1475 Swine.

PRICES.
Beef Cattle.—We quote to correspond with last week Extra 6 25; first quality 5 50 a 53; second 5 50 a 53; third 3 50 a 4 75.
Stores.—Yearlings \$7 a 10; two year old \$12 a 20; three year old \$24 a 38.
Sheep.—Dull.—Small lots at 1 25, 1 37, 1 50, 1 75, 1 85, 2 25, 2 37 and 2 50.
Sows.—Sales quick. Lots to peddle, 5c for Sows, and 10c for Barrows. Old hogs 5, 6 and 7c. At retail from 6 1/2 to 7c.

MARKET-GES.

In this town, on Friday morning last, by the Rev. Mr. Whittemore, Mr. NOLAN LAWTON to Miss Susan, 3d daughter of Mr. Samuel Lee, of this place.

In Providence, on Monday last, by Rev. Dr. Cleveland, Mr. JOSEPH L. CLARK to Miss ANN E. third daughter of Mr. Benjamin Willbore, formerly of this town.

In Portsmouth, on the 7th inst., by the Rev. Charles T. Brooks, of this town, Mr. GEORGE MANCHESTER to Miss FROST T. daughter of John H. Coggeshall, Esq., of Portsmouth.

In Portsmouth, on the 8th, by the Rev. Mr. Mulhehey, Mr. ROBERT HICKS, Jr., to Miss EMILY M. daughter of the late Oliver D. Green, Esq., all of P.

In Portsmouth on the 10th, by the Rev. Mr. Mulhehey, Mr. HOWARD A. STONE, of Warwick, to Miss ELIZABETH ALMY, of Portsmouth.

Meteorological Diary, for October.

Therm. 5°.	WINDS.	General Aspect.	Weather.
5°	5°	5°	5°
1 48 68 54	SW	Clear	Clear
2 50 66 50	SW	Clear	Clear
3 48 60 50	SE	Cloudy	Cloudy
4 47 52 52	SE	Cloudy	Clear
5 50 64 52	SE	Clear	Clear
6 47 65 53	SW SW	do	do
7 50 66 52	do	do	do
8 50 66 52	do	do	do
9 47 60 52	SW	Cloudy	Fog
10 45 56 50	SW	do	do
11 47 52 48	do	do	do
12 40 50 50	SE	Cloudy	Cloudy
13 45 52 48	W SW	Rain	Cloudy
14 40 48 48	W SW	Clear	Clear
15 40 52 40	SW	do	do
16 35 54 40	SW	Clear	Clear
17 42 55 50	SE	Clear	Clear
18 45 60 52	SE	Clear	Clear
19 45 62 50	SE	Cloudy	Clear
20 44 60 52	SW	Clear	Clear
21 43 62 50	SW	do	do
22 44 64 52	SW	do	do
23 47 58 44	SE	Rain	Cloudy
24 40 57 50	SE	Clear	Cloudy
25 44 50 50	SW SW	Cloudy	Rain
26 35 50 52	SW	Clear	Clear
27 22 50 54	SW	do	do
28 25 45 54	SW	do	do
29 28 54 50	SW SW	do	do
30 30 50 50	SW	do	do
31 40 50 45	SE SE	Cloudy	Cloudy
Mean average of this Month,		49 56	
Mean do of this Month last year,		51 00	
Mean do of Oct. 1835, the coldest Oct. in 50 years,		48 19	
Mean do of Oct. 1836, the warmest Oct. in 50 years,		57 62	

SPECIAL NOTICE.

TO ADVERTISERS.—Our advertising friends are particularly requested to bring in their advertisements on Friday in the early part of the day. We are always willing to make exceptions in favor of such as CANNOT be furnished early, but it should be recollected that those who bring them in season, will always fare the best.

ANOTHER PROOF OF THE EFFICACY OF DR. JAYNE'S HAIR TONIC.—This will certify that I was entirely bald for about three years, when I was recommended to try Dr. Jayne's Hair Tonic. I procured two bottles of Mr. Mason, in Somerville, and using the Tonic for about fifteen months, my hair came in all over my head, and although not quite as thick as before, yet it is constantly growing. This surprising restoration of my hair has excited the astonishment of all my acquaintances, and made me an object of curiosity to many. I am now 55 years of age, and have reason to regard the inventor of this matchless Hair Tonic as a public benefactor.

JOACHIM GULICK.
New Germantown, N. J., Nov. 23, 1847.

AMONG THE THOUSAND AND ONE MEDICINES advertised as "certain cures" for all "ulmonary complaints," Jayne's Expectantant stands alone. Its path to public confidence has been paved not with puffery but cures; and the vouchers for its efficacy include an array of names which for character and respectability, cannot be surpassed in this country. Dr. Jayne, being himself a physician, does not profess to perform physical impossibilities—as for instance, to cure a man whose lungs are like a honey-comb, completely rotted, as it were, by disease, but he does assert, and we believe he is borne out by well authenticated facts, that in all diseases of the lungs and chest which are susceptible of cure without miraculous interference, his Expectantant will restore the patient to health. There is no medicine before the public which is so effective in removing coughs, colds, bronchitis, asthma, hoarseness, pleurisy, croup, influenza, quins, and all disorders of the machinery of respiration, as Jayne's Expectantant.

Prepared only by Dr. D. Jayne, Philadelphia, and sold on agency in Newport, by
Nov. 13. R. R. HAZARD.

DEATHS.

In this town, on Wednesday 5th, Mr. OLIVER H. SNOWELL, aged about 55 years; 6th, Mrs. HAZARD, aged about 65 years.

In this town, yesterday, Mrs. GREENMAN, widow of Jeremiah Greenman, in the 77th year of her age.

In Portsmouth, yesterday afternoon, Mrs. MATILDA H. HOOD, widow of Frederick Hood, and daughter of Joseph Thomas, Esq., aged about 25 years.

In Providence, on Tuesday morning last, Miss SALLY GLADSTONE, aged 88 years.

At Hopkinton on the 29th ult., Col. EDWARD BAKER, for many years a member of the Legislature of this State, in the 90th year of his age.

At Savannah, Georgia, (at the residence of Sheldon C. Danney, Esq.), Miss ASSE C. GLADSTONE, only daughter of the late Mr. Silas Gardner, of this town, in the 31st year of her age.

Two years since, when consumption, that insidious foe of her family, had made its attack at the solicitation of the kind family with whom she ever after lived, and from whom she received such attention and sympathy, during the protracted illness, as honored their christian profession, and calls forth the liveliest gratitude of her surviving friends.—She left her native place, in the hope of finding, in a more genial climate, the restoration of her health. For a season, hope inspired her bosom; but, during the last winter, her complaints returned with increasing violence, until death released her happy spirit. She was converted in the days of her youth, and was for several years a member of the second Baptist Church in this town.

MEMOIR.
MARINE LIST.
Port of Newport.

ARRIVED.

SATURDAY, Nov. 6.
Sch'r Gipsy, Clark, fm Philadelphia; Brocken, Burdick, fm do.

SUNDAY, Nov. 7.
Brig Ocean Queen, Lewis, fm Fall River for Philadelphia; John Hull, Pearce, fm Bristol for Mantanzas; Albert, Talcott, fm Portsmouth for Philadelphia.

Sch'r John Manlove, "Havens", fm Boston for Philadelphia; Franklin, Pearce, fm Thomaston for New York; Abby Hammond, Morton, fm New Bedford for New York; New England, Baldwin, fm Thomaston for do; "Tuckley", Holmes, fm Machias for do; Moselle, Wright, fm Boston for New Haven; S. Leland, Marble, fm Providence for Philadelphia; Velocity, Montgomery, fm Boston for New York; Empire, Smith, fm Boston for Hatter, Elliot, fm Boston for Alexandria; Volun-White, Jameson, fm Thomaston for New York; Lucy Messer, fm do for do; Morning Star, Messer, fm do for Delaware; Colebrook, fm Thomaston for New York; Nathan S. Crane, Crane, fm Philadelphia.

MONDAY, Nov. 8.
Brig Mary, Sawyer, fm Boston for Philadelphia. Sch'r Joseph Butler, Borden, fm Fall River for Wilmington; Roxbury, Sears, fm Baltimore for

Wareham; Lenora, Crosby, fm Boston for Albany; Ornament, fm New York for Boston; Maria Theresa, Small, fm Salem for Richmond; Mt. Hope, Brightman, fm Fall River for Norfolk; Mary Taylor, Nickerson, fm Boston for Richmond; Excel, Lovell, fm Boston for New York; Pautusket, Ormsby, fm Thomaston for New York.

WEDNESDAY, Nov. 10.
Sch'r Atlas, Baker, fm South Yarmouth for New York; Buena Vista, Baker, fm Philadelphia. Sloops Vigilant, Heath, fm New York for Providence; Monitor, Cummings, fm Fall River for Hartford.

FRIDAY, Nov. 12.
Brig George Washington, Cozzens, fm Fall River for New York.

Sch'r John C. Waldron, Littlefield, fm Block Island for New York; Cornelia, Young, fm New Bedford for do; Solomon Andrews, Tucker, fm do for Amboy; Henry, Burgess, fm Fall River for New York; Harvest, Priddy, fm Tannan for do. Sloops Gen. Bates, Watson, fm Norwich for Barnstable; Brantley, Smith, fm Fall River for Newburgh; Isaac B. Borden, Dunning, fm do for New York; Ariel, Hutch, fm do for do; Excel, Bennett, fm do for do; Bristol, Hathaway, fm Freeport.

MARINE MEMORANDA.

Brig Henry Marshall, Freeman, fm this port, arr at Wilmington the 30th ult.

Sch'r Emily H. Souder, Almy, arr at Wilmington the 28th for Havana.

Brig Samuel Brown, Thatcher, arr at Richmond the 26th from Wilmington, N. C.

Brig Confidence, Messer, hence, arr at Havana the 16th ult.

Brig Snow, Washburn, 82 days from Anton Lixarho, for Passaic, put into Mobile for sea stores.

Brig Cecilia, Draper, c'd from New Orleans 27th for Tampico.

Brig Annawan, Swasey, c'd from Wilmington the 30th for New London.

Ship Louis Philippe, Custoff, was ad at Havre the 20th, for New York the 8th.

C'd at Havana 24th ult., brig Lisbon, Smith, for Oregon.

CAUTION!

GROCERS, DRUGGISTS and others are hereby cautioned against purchasing a spurious imitation of PAUL DEBERE & CO'S FLAVORING EXTRACTS, now being offered by a person named Jacobs, of 642 Pearl st., N. Y. As the trash sold by him for the genuine is calculated to deceive persons who have not seen the original article, this is to give notice that I am the sole proprietor of the genuine Extracts in the U. S. &c. All extracts are counterfeit except sold by me or my agents.
GEORGE RAPHAEL.
Importer of London Mustard, Sauces, Curries, &c.
245 Pearl street, N. Y.
New York, Nov. 10, 1847.

TOWN CLERK'S OFFICE.

Newport, Nov. 13, 1847.
ALL persons not registered, who are otherwise qualified, or who will be within a year qualified by age and residence, who intend to vote in 1848 in this town, on payment of registry and other taxes, must register their names in the Town Clerk's Office, on or before SATURDAY the 4th day of December next.
B. B. HOWLAND, Town Clerk.

POUND CALICO.

A LARGE LOT of pound calico, bright colors and large pieces, a first rate article for Comfortables and spreads. For sale by
Nov. 12.] E. W. LAWTON & SON.

Red Twilled Flannel.

AT an unusually low price. For sale by
Nov. 12. E. W. LAWTON & SON.

FRESH GROCERIES.

Just received and for sale by WM. NEWTON, at No. 150 Thames street.

STATE OF RHODE-ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

NEWPORT, S. C.

Clerk's Office, Court of Common Pleas, October 5th, A. D. 1847.

WHEREAS, PETER A. CLARK, of Westerly in the county of Washington, Rhode-Island, hath filed his petition in this office against Luther Bateman of the town and county of Newport, yeoman, alias trader, representing, "that he commenced work as a housewright and laborer on or about the 6th day of May, 1847, upon the house and outbuildings of said Luther Bateman then said Newport, on a lot of land owned by him said Luther, and bounded as follows to wit: Easterly, Westerly and Northernly on roads or highways, and Southernly on land of the late Nathaniel S. Huggles, deceased, that there is now due him for the said work and labor done on said house and outbuildings the sum of eighty-five dollars and twelve cents, being the balance now due him after deducting certain credits, and which for more than sixty days has been due him; that within three calendar months after the completion and ending of his said work and labor as aforesaid, he filed his account thereof with the town clerk of the town of Newport, and thereon gave notice in writing that he claimed a lien upon said described dwelling, house and other buildings and also said lot or land. Therefore he prays this Hon. Court to order and decree a sale of said premises for the payment and discharge of his said demand with interest and costs according to the statute in such case made and provided."

Notice is therefore hereby given to the creditors of the said Luther Bateman (if any) having a lien as aforesaid or otherwise on said estate of the pendency of said Petition, that they may appear before said Court and make out their claims in conformity to law.

Nov. 6. DANIEL C. DENHAM, Clerk.

EVENING SCHOOL.

THOMAS P. NICHOLS intends opening an Evening School, at his room in Marlborough street, on 24 day evening 15th of 11th mo. 1847.
N. B. His day school is now open for the reception of pupils.
10th mo. 29th, 1847.

Norman's Shoe Store.

IF I had not seen your ADVERTISEMENT, I should not have known you had such splendid articles for sale.

The above assertion has often been made, once been made, and not wishing to deprive my fellow citizens of knowledge useful to themselves and their children, I will, from time to time, notify them of the additions I intend making frequently to my stock of Goods, consisting at present of a large assortment of Men's Water Proof thick Boots—sewed & pegged, Men and Boys common thick Boots. Men's nice calf sewed & pegged Boots, Ladies' nice Buskins, and Gaiter Boots, Men Women and Children's Runners, &c. &c. It is my purpose to make No. 95 Thames Street, my fashionable depot of articles in my line, in fact I have already assumed to a considerable extent that character, and if the people of Newport, and towns contiguous, wish to have, at a reasonable price, Boots and Shoes equal in style to any found in New York or Boston, they had better patronize the above establishment, the proprietor of which attaches his name herewith.

Nov. 6.] GEORGE H. NORMAN.

At a Town Council of the Town of Newport holden by adjournment, November 3d, 1847.

In and by the authority of a vote of the Town of Newport and by virtue of the authority granted by an Act of the General Assembly of the State of Rhode Island, and passed at the January session 1844, entitled, "An Act conferring additional powers upon Watchmen in the town of Newport."

BE IT ORDERED, by this Town Council, that a Public Night Watch be, and the same is hereby established for this town, to consist of those persons who may be from time to time, appointed by this Town Council, to commence on Monday night next the eighth day of November instant, who by virtue of said act of the General Assembly, while on duty, and for the purposes of said act alone, are vested with all the powers of Constables, and conservators of the peace, as now by law established, and shall be severally sworn or engaged in the same manner as other town officers now are, and who are by said act authorized and empowered, while on duty as watchmen, between the hours of 8 P. M. and 6 A. M. among other things to arrest all persons found in affrays or riots, or persons committing, or whom they suspect to be committing felony; all disturbers or breakers of the peace; all persons assembled to disturb or break up religious assemblies; all persons guilty of dangerous armed; all suspicious night walkers, whether known or unknown, who give no satisfactory account of the selves, and all disorderly persons whatever, and the same so arrested to take forthwith to the Captain of the watch at the watch house, whose duty it shall be to examine into the matter, and in his discretion to discharge such person or persons immediately, or detain them until morning, or commit them to jail for examination by one or more of the Justices of the Peace of said town upon complaint made according to law, and in case of fire in this town whether by day or night, it is made the especial duty of said watchmen to preserve order, to arrest and detain thieves, and prevent the wanton destruction of property. But no person shall be held in custody under said act as provided therein, upon arrest without process, for a longer space of time than fifteen hours at any one time.

Ordered that the foregoing be published three weeks in the *Newport Mercury*.
True copy—witness,
B. B. HOWLAND, Council Clerk.

DAGUERREOTYPES.

Corner of Washington Square & Thames street, 3d floor.

THE subscriber having returned from New York with a new and improved instrument, which for quickness and accuracy surpasses all others now in use, and with which perfect pictures can be obtained in 5 seconds, together with all the latest improvements, respectfully informs those who are in want of pictures of themselves or friends, that they will do well to avail themselves of the present opportunity, as his stay in Newport will be short.

Rooms free to all.
N. B. Perfect satisfaction given, or no charge.
Newport, Nov. 6.] L. T. TEW.

Hats, Caps,

MUFFS & FUR TRIMMINGS.

JUST RECEIVED—French

Beaver and Mole Skin Hats, latest Fashion; also, Brush, Fur and Silk do. CAPS—a large assortment of Men's Boys and Children's Cloth & Velvet Caps of the latest New York Styles. MUFFS—Lustrous Lynx, Siberian Lynx, French Fox, Light and dark Siberia, Squirrel, natural Jonette, Coney &c. TRIMMINGS—Squirrel, Swan's Down, Blue and Black Coney &c. &c.

The above are all at Faxon's articles, and were selected from the stock of the largest German importing House in New York, and are warranted perfect in every particular.

PARKER & WEAVER,
No. 2 Oak Row.

Cheese, Butter, Lard

&c. &c.

30 Casks first quality Cheese,
25 firkins Prime Dairy Butter,
20 Kegs Leaf Lard,
12 Bags, (100 lbs.) extra Buckwheat; 40 bbls. graded Apples; 4 do. Shellbark nuts. Just received and for sale on Deane's Wharf, by
Newport, Nov. 6, 1847. HENRY POTTER.

Boston Almanac, for 1848.

THE subscriber respectfully announces, to the numerous patrons of this little work, that the number for the ensuing year will be forthcoming at the usual time. The Business Directory has been thoroughly revised and corrected, and there have been other improvements, which it is believed will render the Almanac for 1848 equally as attractive as any of its predecessors. It is intended to give in this number, a complete transcript of all the inscriptions at MONUMENTS, thus giving to the country a record or directory of that interesting city of the dead.

R. B. MESSER & Co., 29 Cornhill, and Taos, Grocers, 82 State Street, are the Publishers.
Boston, Oct. 29, 1847.] S. N. DICKINSON.

Legal Notices.

—NOTICE—

IS hereby given that the heirs of the late **SALLY GREENE** late of Jamestown, dec., have authorized and empowered **SAMUEL COTTRILL** & **JOHN B. CHAMPLIN** to settle and collect all debts due said estate. All persons having unsettled accounts with the said estate are requested to call and settle the same within six months from the date hereof.

JOHN B. CHAMPLIN.
SAMUEL COTTRILL.

For the heirs of the late Sally Greene.
Sept. 10, 1847.—6m.

Court of Probate, Newport, holden Nov. 1, 1847.

UPON the petition of Sarah A. Sherman, guardian of the persons and estates of Winton T. Sherman, and Amelia Ann Sherman, minors, under the age of twenty-one years, children of Winton T. Sherman, late of Newport, dec., representing that said minors are seized in fee of a lot of land situated in the town of Newport, bounded westerly on Kay street two hundred and twenty feet, southerly on land late of John F. Mann, dec., three hundred and twenty-five feet, easterly on land of John J. Allen, one hundred and sixty-one feet, and southerly on land of Henry B. Hazard, two hundred and ninety-two feet, inherited from their late father, and that said lot can now be sold to advantage, and that it will be for the benefit of said minors to sell their interest therein, as the same in its present state is unproductive, and praying that she may in her capacity of guardian of said minors, be authorized to sell the interest of said minors in said lot at private sale for the sum offered, and to give a deed of deeds thereof, so as to vest in the purchaser thereof, the right, title and interest of said minors therein, and to invest the proceeds of their proportion of said sale, in some productive stocks or otherwise, under the direction of this Court, for the benefit of said minors.

The same is read, received and referred for consideration to a Court of Probate, to be holden at the Town Hall in Newport, on the first Monday of December next, at 9 o'clock, A.M., and notice ordered to be given thereof by advertisement for three successive weeks in the *Newport Mercury*, that all persons interested may appear at said time and place and be heard.

B. B. HOWLAND, Probate Clerk.

Court of Probate, Newport, holden Nov. 1, 1847.

THE administrators final account on the estate of **CHARLES M. THURSTON**, late of New York, dec., was presented for allowance.

The same is read, received and referred for consideration to a Court of Probate to be holden at the Town Hall in Newport, on the first Monday in December next, at 9 o'clock, A.M., and that due notice be given thereof by advertisement for three successive weeks in the *Newport Mercury*, that all persons interested may appear at said time and place and be heard.

B. B. HOWLAND, Probate Clerk.

Court of Probate of Newport, Nov. 1, 1847.

THE Commissioner's Report and the Administrator's first account on the estate of

ELISHA CASE,

late of Newport, dec., was presented for allowance.

The same is read, received and referred for consideration to a Court of Probate to be holden at the Town Hall in Newport, on the first Monday in December next, at 9 o'clock, A.M., and notice thereof is ordered to be given by an advertisement to be published three successive weeks in the *Newport Mercury*, for all persons interested to appear at said time and place and be heard.

A true copy, witness,
B. B. HOWLAND, Probate Clerk.

Court of Probate, Newport, holden Nov. 3, 1847.

APPLICATION is made for some suitable person to be appointed Administrator on the estate of **CHARLES WHITFIELD**, late of Newport, dec. intestate.

The same is read, received and referred for consideration to a Court of Probate to be holden at the Town Hall in Newport, on the first Monday in December next, at 9 o'clock, A.M., and that due notice be given thereof by advertisement for three successive weeks in the *Newport Mercury*, that all persons interested may appear at said time and place, and be heard.

B. B. HOWLAND, Probate Clerk.

Court of Probate, Newport, holden Nov. 3, 1847.

CALEB S. KNIGHT makes application to be appointed Administrator of his late wife **PENELOPE KNIGHT**, dec. intestate.

The same is read, received and referred for consideration to a Court of Probate to be holden at the Town Hall in Newport, on the first Monday in December next, at 9 o'clock, A.M., and that due notice be given thereof by advertisement for three successive weeks in the *Newport Mercury*, that all persons interested may appear at said time and place and be heard.

B. B. HOWLAND, Probate Clerk.

Court of Probate, Newport, holden Nov. 3, 1847.

An instrument in writing purporting to be the last Will and Testament of **SARAH CHESTER**, formerly of Ware, Hertfordshire, England, and late of said Newport, single woman, dec., was presented for Probate and letters testamentary by Charles Gyles, the Executor therein named.

The same is read, received and referred for consideration to a Court of Probate to be held at the Town Hall in Newport, on the first Monday of December next, at 9 o'clock, A.M., and that due notice be given thereof by advertisement for three successive weeks in the *Newport Mercury*, that all persons interested may appear at said time and place and be heard.

B. B. HOWLAND, Probate Clerk.

Court of Probate, Newport, holden Nov. 1, 1847.

JOHN COZZENS Administrator on the estate of **ABIGAIL WEELEN**, late of Newport, dec., presents his first administration account on said estate for allowance.

The same is read, received and referred for consideration to a Court of Probate to be holden at the Town Hall in Newport, on the first Monday in December next, at 9 o'clock, A.M., and that due notice be given by advertisement for three successive weeks in the *Newport Mercury*, that all persons interested may appear at said time and place and be heard.

B. B. HOWLAND, Probate Clerk.

Guardian's Notice.

THE subscriber gives public notice that he has been appointed guardian to the person and estate of

DAVID F. HALL,

of Portsmouth, a minor, and has given bond according to law. He hereby calls upon all persons having demands against said minor to exhibit the same for settlement, within six months from the date hereof, and those indebted to make immediate payment.

JONATHAN DENNIS 2d, Guardian.

Portsmouth, Sept. 29, 1847.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER having been appointed by the Court of Probate of the town of Portsmouth, Administrator on the estate of

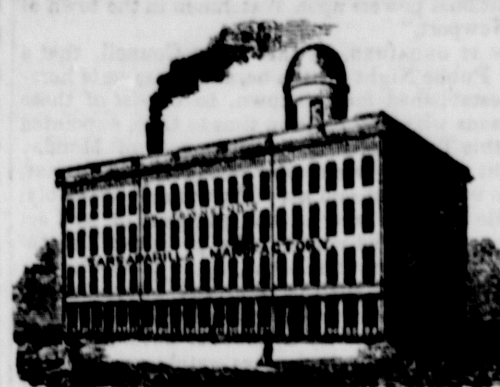
JOHN COREY, ESQ.

late of Portsmouth, deceased, and having qualified himself by giving bonds as the law directs, he requests all persons having demands against said estate to present them for settlement; and all persons indebted to make immediate payment to him.

JOSEPH B. COREY, Administrator.

Portsmouth, Sept. 23, 1847.

Medicines.

Dr. Townsend's
SARSAPARILLA!

The most extraordinary Medicine in the World!

THIS extract is put up in quart bottles; it is six times cheaper, pleasanter and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening, or debilitating the patient.

The great beauty and superiority of this *Sarsaparilla* over all other medicines is, while it eradicates diseases it invigorates the body. It is one of the very best Spring and Summer medicines ever known; it not only purifies the whole system and strengthens the person, but it creates new, pure and rich blood; a power possessed by no other medicine. And in this lies the grand secret of its wonderful success. It has performed within the past two years, more than 35,000 cures of severe cases of disease; at least 6,000 of these were considered incurable. More than

3,000 cases of Chronic Rheumatism;
2,000 cases of Dyspepsia;
4,000 cases of General Debility and Want of Energy;
7,000 cases of the different Female Complaints;
2,000 cases of Scrofula;
1,500 cases of the Liver Complaint;
2,500 cases of Disease of the Kidneys and Dropsy;
8,000 cases of Consumption.

And thousands of cases of disease of the blood, viz: Ulcers, erysipelas, salt rheum, pimples on the face, &c. &c. Together with numerous cases of sick headache, pain in the side and chest, spinal affections, &c. &c.

This, we are aware, must appear incredible, but we have letters from physicians and our agents from all parts of the United States, informing us of extraordinary cures. Dr. Van Hook, Esq., one of the most respectable druggists in New York, N. J. informs us that he can refer to more than 150 cases in that place alone. There are thousands of cases in the City of New York which we will refer to with pleasure, and to men of character. It is the best medicine for the preventive of disease known. It undoubtedly saved the lives of more than

5,000 CHILDREN THE PAST SEASON. As it removed the cause of disease, and prepared them for the Summer season.

UNITED STATES OFFICER.

Capt. G. W. McLean, of the United States Navy, and member of the New Jersey Legislature, has kindly sent us the following certificate. It tells its own story.

RAHWAY, Jan. 2, 1847.

A year since I was taken with the Influenza and my whole system left in a debilitated state. I was induced to try Dr. Townsend's *Sarsaparilla* and after taking two or three bottles I was very much relieved, and attribute it entirely to the said *Sarsaparilla*. I have continued taking it, and find that I improve every day. I believe I saved my life, and would not be without it under any consideration.

G. W. McLEAN.

SCROFULA CURED.

This Certificate conclusively proves that this *Sarsaparilla* has perfect control over the most obstinate diseases of the blood. Three persons cured in one house is unprecedented.

THREE CHILDREN.

Dr. Townsend: Dear Sir—I have the pleasure to inform you that three of my children have been cured of the Scrofula by the use of your excellent medicine. They were afflicted very severely with bad sores; have taken some four bottles; it took them away, for which I feel myself under deep obligation.

Yours respectfully,

ISAAC W. CRAIN, 106 W. Water-st.

New York, March 1, 1847.

FILES! FILES! FILES!!!

Dr. Townsend's *Sarsaparilla* is no less successful in curing this distressing complaint, than for diseases of the Blood, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism and Nervous Debility. Read the following:—

Dr. Townsend: Dear Sir—The efforts of your *Sarsaparilla* are truly wonderful. For the last six or eight years past, I have been subject to severe attacks of the piles, during which I have suffered all the tortures of that complaint, and had despaired of ever finding relief, except in death. I have the pleasure to inform you that I was cured of the piles by the use of your *Sarsaparilla*, and feel no remains of my old complaint. I send you this for publication, and any person you may refer to me, I would be happy to inform of the benefit I have received at your hands.

Yours truly, **JOHN HALL, 49 Fulton-st.**

July 5, 1846.

TO MOTHERS AND MARRIED LADIES.

This extract of *Sarsaparilla* has been expressly prepared for reference in female complaints. No female who has reason to suppose she is approaching that, critical period, "The turn of life," should neglect to take it, as it is a certain preventive for any of the numerous & horrible diseases to which females are subject at this time of life. This period may be delayed for several years by using this medicine. Nor is it less valuable to those who are approaching womanhood, as it is calculated to assist nature by quickening the blood and invigorating the system. Indeed this medicine is invaluable for all of the delicate diseases to which women are subject.

It braces the whole system, renews permanently the natural energies—by removing the impurities of the body, not so far stimulating the system as to produce a subsequent relaxation, which is the case of most medicines taken for female weakness and disease.

OPINIONS OF PHYSICIANS.

Dr. Townsend is almost daily receiving orders from physicians in different parts of the Union. This is to certify that we, the undersigned, Physicians of the City of Albany, have in numerous cases prescribed Dr. Townsend's *Sarsaparilla*, and believe it to be one of the most valuable remedies of the *Sarsaparilla* kind in the market.

H. P. FULING M. D., J. WILSON, M. D., R. B. BRIGGS, M. D., P. E. ELMENDORF, M. D.

The following is from one of the most respectable physicians on Long Island:—

Greenport, July 10, 1846.

Dr. Townsend: Dear Sir—I wish to satisfy you that I say to you, that I have recently witnessed, in several cases, the most beneficial results from the use of your Extract of *Sarsaparilla*. Being engaged in the practice of medicine, I have observed it in several cases, and never without benefit. In the removal of diseases arising from a deranged state of the digestive organs, jaundice, &c., it far exceeds any thing of the kind ever before offered to the public. You will please send me two dozen, &c. &c.

Respectfully yours, **S. C. PRESTON, M. D.**

RHEUMATISM.

This *Sarsaparilla* is used with the most perfect success in Rheumatic complaints, however severe or chronic. The astonishing cures it has performed are indeed wonderful. Other remedies

Medicines.

does sometimes give temporary relief; this entirely eradicates it from the system, even when the limbs and bones are dreadfully swollen.

Dr. Hear Mr. Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn.—The following is an extract of a letter received from him:—

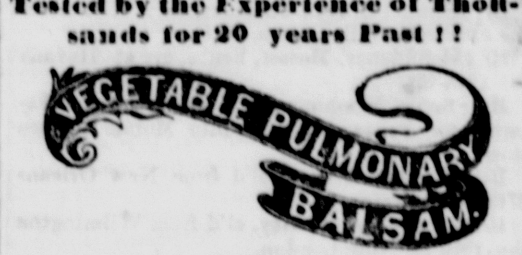
Dr. Townsend: I have used one bottle of your *Sarsaparilla*, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr. Stewart. I have conferred with two of our principal physicians, and recommended your *Sarsaparilla*.

Hartford, March 12, 1845. **SETH TERRY.**

Principal Office, 126 Fulton-st. Sun Building N. Y.; Reading & Co. 8 State-st. Boston; Dyott & Sons, 133 North Second st. Philadelphia; S. S. Hance, Druggist, Baltimore; Duroi & Co. Richmond; P. M. Cohen, Charleston; Wright & Co. 151 Charles-st. New Orleans; 105 South Pearl-st. Albany; and by the principal Druggists and Merchants generally throughout the United States, West Indies and Canada. [Aug. 7.]

For Sale in New York, by **R. J. TAYLOR.**

Tested by the Experience of Thousands for 20 years Past!



HAS proved itself the BEST REMEDIAL AGENT known for Coughs, Colds, Consumptions, Asthma, Phthisis, Spitting of Blood, Whooping Cough, and all affections and diseases of the Lungs, as has, and can be shown from the testimony of the most respectable Physicians and others, who are entitled to the most unquestionable belief. After having tried the many new preparations, without finding the expected relief, multitudes are compelled to return to the use of the *VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALM*, which they acknowledge to be, after all, the best remedy known for the above complaints.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND IMITATIONS such as CATHER'S COMPOUND Pulmonary Balm, AMERICAN Pulmonary Balm, and others in part bearing the name! Enquire for the article by its whole name, the "VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALM" and see that it has the written signature of Wm. J. W. CUTLER upon a yellow label on the blue wrapper. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balm."

Prepared by **REED & CUTLER**, formerly Reed, Wing & Cutler, Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Medicines, Paints, Chemicals, and Dye Stuffs, 54 Chatham Street, Boston, and sold by Druggists, Apothecaries and Country Merchants generally. For particulars and recommendations enquire for a Pamphlet accompanying each bottle. Price 50 cents. For sale in New York by R. J. Taylor, and Dr. R. R. Hazard, October 23, 1847—6m.

O, YES! MORE EVIDENCE of the increasing popularity of Dr. *Jayne's Family Medicine*. J. E. Conklin, Batavia, N. Y. says—You will observe that I am out of the Hair Dye, the Hair Tonic and Vermifuge. Your *San Pills* are getting a very good circulation. We have very many cases of consumption in this climate, and the Expectant is becoming very celebrated.

Henderson & Punderson, Cleveland, Ohio, say Your Vermifuge sells well, as also your Hair Tonic and Expectant.

Mr. N. Holden, Marietta, Ohio, says—I have been out of your *Sanative Pills* for several weeks. I could have sold, perhaps, five or six dozen in that time. I can sell large quantities of your *Pills*, Vermifuge and Expectant.

Mr. Francis Lamb, says—Wilkesbarre, Pa. June 12, 1846.—Please send me, by the first opportunity, six dozen *Jayne's Expectant* and six dozen of the *Alterative*. These preparations find ready sale, and are daily becoming more popular with the community.

Prepared only by Dr. Jayne, Philadelphia, and sold on agency, in Newport, by Dr. R. R. Hazard.

CANCER.

AN INTERESTING CASE CURED BY DR. JAYNE'S ALTERATIVE.—In the spring of 1831, a Cancerous tumor appeared in the right breast of Mrs. Phoebe, wife of Peter Stretch, of Salem, N. J. It was examined by many physicians, and was considered by all as cancerous, and besides bore all the characteristic marks of one.—All probable means of removing it were used without the slightest benefit. It continued to increase both in size and painfulness, until all hope of saving her life, but by a painful operation, was abandoned, which, after a consultation of eminent physicians, was performed, Jan. 1st, 1832, by Dr. John H. Khea Horton, assisted by Dr. Redman, Dr. Jayne, and two other medical gentlemen. The whole and entire right breast was removed, and after examination of the tumor, was pronounced by all present a Cancer of the most malignant character. In about three months, after enduring incredible sufferings, she was enabled, though broken in spirit, to get about again. She remained feeble, and her general health was exceedingly bad, as indeed it had been for several years before. In the spring of 1837, upwards of five years after her breast had been removed, a painful tumor made its appearance on the right side, immediately over the part formerly occupied by the nipple of the right breast, previous to its removal. This tumor steadily increased for several months, and became so painful as to deprive her of rest. The glands under the right arm were enlarged, and Scirrhus, and a hard, irregular, and at times painful tumor, appeared in the left breast. No operation could now arrest the disease. Indeed her whole body appeared to be a mass of disease. Her case was considered hopeless. She was of a very Scrofulous habit, both of her parents having died of Pulmonary Consumption. The experiment was now made with this ALTERATIVE. It was at first given in small doses, three times a day, and the doses were gradually, but steadily increased daily as long as she took it, which was about six months, and the skin over and around the tumor was wet night and morning with a strong solution of Iodine and Hydrate of Potash. The tumor continued increasing in size for about six weeks, and was at times very painful, when the pain suddenly ceased altogether, and the tumor swelled out at the base, and became soft, and then began to diminish and continued gradually decreasing until a very vestige of disease was removed. The tumor in her left breast, and those in the right axilla were also dispersed. No Cancerous or Scrofulous tumors ever appeared afterwards; and her general health, which had been so bad for fourteen years as to make life a burthen, was effectually and permanently restored. The proprietor is in possession of the diseased breast, and those who choose may examine it. He would also say, that he could mention over a dozen cases equally interesting, wherein his ALTERATIVE has subdued Cancer and Cancerous tumors, as well as immense numbers of Gout or Bronchocle.—Prepared only by Dr. D. Jayne, Philadelphia, and sold on agency in Newport, by

CANCER.

R. R. HAZARD.

PINE SWEDISH LEECHES, just rec'd at **R. R. HAZARD'S**, Sign of the Mortar near the Court House.

WRIGHT'S BAL LUSTRAL, for beautifying, preserving and promoting the growth of the Hair—price 25 cents a bottle, at **R. J. TAYLOR'S**.

Fashionable Goods.

W. B. & E. J. SWAN,

HAVE just received a large assortment of new and fashionable FALL GOODS. Call and examine them.
Oct. 16, 1847.

—THE—

CLOTHING ESTABLISHMENT IN BOSTON!

For years the First and ONLY HOUSE which has adhered to that Popular System of

LOW PRICES

For Gentlemen's Clothing, is that widely known and universally celebrated

CLOTHING EMPORIUM,

OAK HALL,
GEO. W. SIMMONS, Proprietor.

The excellence of the plan which he originally designed, and which has been by him so successfully prosecuted, is not only

Appreciated by the Public, but to some extent, Approved by the Trade—at least so far as the imitations lately introduced give evidence of their approbation of the only true and perfect system, which

ENSURES TO BUYERS

Every description of

Gentlemen's Clothing, at the

Lowest Scale of Prices!!
The Elegant display of Goods at

SIMMONS' OAK HALL,
Embracing the latest Importations from

LONDON and PARIS,
Are manufactured under his own personal superintendence and direction; and affords to Gentlemen who would save upon old prices, full

30 to 40 per cent.
in the purchase of a good Suit of Clothes,

WELL CUT AND WELL MADE,
a complete opportunity of selecting from the largest Stock Every Variety of

Elegant Clothing:
—AND—

DRESS GOODS,
Now in the United States,

And which may be had by

Citizens & Strangers.
—In addition to a—

SUPERB ASSORTMENT
OF

Children's Clothing,
AT

LOWER RATES
Than can be purchased at any other establishment on the face of the Globe, and at

PRICES LESS
Than ever before offered, even at

Simmons'.
P. S.—Wholesale Traders, look to this. Thousands of dozens of Coats, Pants, Vests, and

FURNISHING GOODS Cheap.
Entrance at No. 32

OAK HALL,
Nos. 32, 34, 36, and 38 Ann Street,
Near the head of Merchants' Row
BOSTON.
Oct. 16, 1847.—3m.

New Goods
RECEIVED THIS DAY at No. 293 Thames street, a very large assortment of

DRESS GOODS,
Suitable for the season.—Among which may be found

Rich Mouseline de Laine; do. Cashmere do; do. Windsor Plaids; do. Lama do; do. Allowell do; do. Victoria, do. do; Plaid Alpaca; Plain do. do; light and dark; Shawls, Scarfs & Neck Ties; Black Bombazine; Scotch Ginghams, from 12 1/2 to 30 cents; English and American Chintz; Red, White and Yellow Flannels; Domestic White do, a good article; Calicoes; Remnant do; for dresses and Comfortables, at 6 cents per yard; Brown and Bleached Cottons, Cheap; Cotton Flannels; Cotton Batts; Fringes and Gimps; and every article usually found in a Dry Good Store, as cheap as can be found at any store in town.

JAMES MUMFORD & SON.

TO THE LADIES.

New & Fashionable Fall GOODS.
AT 159 1-2 THAMES ST.

—CONSISTING OF—
Long and Square Shawls; Scarfs, Ginghams, L. M. de Laines, Alpaca, Plaid and Plain Lyonsese Cloth, Prints, White Flannel, 3, 4 and 5-4, Bleached and Unbleached Cotton do; Yellow do; Red do—plain and twilled, Blue twilled do; Gloves and Hosiery of all kinds, Gimps, Fringes and Buttons—for trimmings, Steel Beads, Brass Belts, Furze Twist and trimmings, Children's Caps, Combs, Brushes, Fancy Goods, &c. &c.

JAMES H. HAMMETT.
Newport, Sept. 25.

KNIT HOSIERY.
THE greatest variety of Knit Hosiery of every description from the smallest child to the largest man's—for sale at **H. SESSIONS,**
July 24 No. 162, Thames-st.

WOOLEN YARN.
NICE WOOLEN YARN, for sale by **H. SESSIONS,**
Sept. 11.] 162 Thames street.

PAPER HANGINGS.—A new lot of Fall Styles, and very pretty patterns, just added to our assortment, and for sale at the lowest prices.
Oct. 30.] **WM. C. COZZENS & CO.**

Miscellaneous.



Highly Important TO ECONOMISTS,

AND THE **Clothes-Wearing part of the Community in General.**

—DECIDED BARGAINS IN—

READY MADE CLOTHING

Are now offered at the Great

OREGON CLOTHING Ware-house.

HAVING just been replenished with a New and extensive assortment of Fashionable Ready-Made Clothing of every description, adapted expressly to the

Fall & Winter Trade,
This establishment, so well patronized by our Citizens and also by Strangers for the past year, still continues to hold out great inducements to the purchasers of ready made Clothing, it being acknowledged, by all candid men, to be the only

Emporium of Fashion and Low Prices.

Where garments of every description may be found, possessing every requisite a garment should have to look easy graceful and dignified.